DATTATRAYA); (a) and (b) Out of 21 Government of India Presses, the Government have decided to retain and modernise the following 11 Presses;

1. Government of India Press, Minto Road, New Delhi
2. Government of India Press, Ring Road, New Delhi.
3. Government of India Press, Rashtrapati Bhavan, New Delhi.
4. Government of India Press, Faridabad.
5. Government of India Press, Nilokheri.
6. Government of India Press, Aligarh
7. Government of India Press, Nashik
8. Government of India Press, Koratty
9. Government of India Press, Coimbatore
10. Government of India Press, Santragachi, Howrah.
11. Government of India Press, Temple Street, Kolkata.

(c) Process for modernisation of above Presses is underway. No expenditure has been incurred so far.

(d) to (g) The percentage of capacity utilisation is low in some of the Presses.This is due to mis-match of operatives with reference to machine, old technology, short run jobs and shortage of power.

Information on Private Presses rates is being obtained. The Government of India Presses do not function as commercial establishments but rather play the role of model employer providing facilities like conveyance allowances, dearness allowance etc. to its employees. Regular expenditure is incurred on maintaining all facilities and complying with government regulations under the Factory's Act and other government orders. Overhead expenses are also comparatively high. Presses have to print/execute all types of jobs, including short jobs although such jobs are not economical.

Vision to turn Mumbai into Sanghai

626. DR. KARAN SINGH: DR. AKHILESH DAS: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Prime Minister spelt out a vision to turn Mumbai into Sanghai of India;

(b) if so, whether the Government of Maharashtra has submitted a blue print for realising the said vision, if so, the sector-wise lay-out thereof; and

(c) Government's response thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION (SHRI BANDARU DATTATRAYA): (a) This Ministry is not aware of any such statement. However, Prime Minister made an announcement on 15th August, 2003 that a plan would be drawn up together with the States Government for making Mumbai slum free in the next 10 years. In the first phase, over 1,00,000 slum dwelling families would be rehabilitated in good housing complexes over the next 2-3 years.

(b) and (c) This Ministry has not received any blue-print spelling out vision to turn Mumbai into Shanghai of India from Government of Maharashtra. However, an all party delegation led by Chief Minister of Maharashtra met Prime Minister on issues relating to development of Mumbai on 21st August, 2003 in the chamber of Lok Sabha Speaker at Parliament House. The Government of Maharashtra projected a total cost of Rs. 12,000 crores seeking central assistance of Rs. 6,000 crores for the proposed package for revival of Mumbai City.

Further, to comply with the Prime Minister's announcement made on 15th August, 2003, this Ministry has requested the State Government of Maharashtra to prepare a comprehensive plan for making Mumbai slum free.

The Government of India has also, drawn up a proposal for relocation of slum dwellers encroaching upon Government land at Mumbai in the available surplus Salt Pan land at Mumbai, which are proposed to be transferred from the Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion to the Department of Urban Development.

Towns selected under AUWSP

627. SHRI K. KALAVENKATA RAO: SHRI C. RAMACHANDRAIAH: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION be pleased to state: